

Clearwisdom Digest

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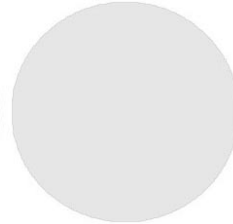
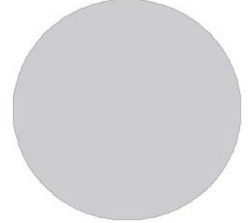
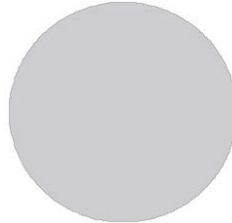
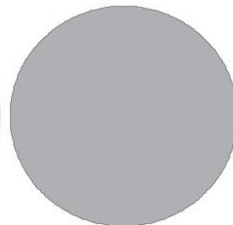
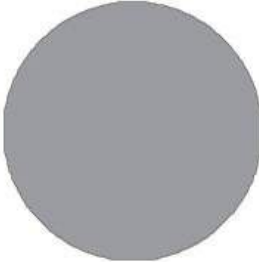


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News and Events from Around the World



U.S. Justice Department and Department of Homeland Security Receive Criminal Petition against Huang Huahua

On the afternoon of October 18, 2005, a criminal petition and related letters against Huang Huahua, an official from the People's Republic of China who will be visiting Washington DC, were delivered to the U.S. Justice Department and Department of Homeland Security. The two departments have signed for these legal documents.



Justice Department, United States

An announcement from the Falun Dafa Association on October 9 pointed out, "From today, overseas Falun Gong practitioners will file civil or criminal lawsuits against all important government or CCP officials who participate in or continue to implement the persecution of Falun Gong and as a result, commit new crimes in addition to those they have already perpetrated against Falun Gong."

The "World Organization to Investigate the Persecution of Falun Gong (WOIPFG)" implemented a global monitoring and tracking system on October 9. New cases of severe persecution are documented and filed daily. Periodically, the cases will be compiled and released to the public, while the names of the perpetrators and those who give them their orders are added to the list of people to be monitored. When they leave China, appropriate legal action can be taken against them.



Legal documents delivered to the Justice Department and receipt

Attorney Files Criminal Petition against Huang Huahua

Attorney Shuhui Han, Executive Director of International Advocates for Justice, and Attorney Terri Marsh, Executive Director of Human Rights Law Projects, filed a criminal petition against Huang Huahua at 3:17 pm on October 17, 2005 with the U.S. Attorney's Office of Washington D.C., Criminal Division, regarding acts of torture in violation of the criminal laws of the United States. Title 18, Section 2340 makes acts of torture committed outside the U.S. subject to criminal prosecution in this country.

In a separate cover letter addressed to the U.S. Attorney Kenneth L. Wainstein, the attorneys for Falun Gong stated, "Mr. Huang has played a major role in carrying out numerous acts of torture and genocide in connection with a six year campaign of persecution against Falun Gong practitioners that has been waged by many high-level officials of the Chinese Government and the Chinese Communist Party, as instituted by former President of China Jiang Zemin. These abuses violate international human rights standards, the law and Constitution of China, and the criminal laws of the United States. We therefore call upon you to promptly investigate these criminal charges, initiate the criminal prosecution of Mr. Huang, and secure his arrest pending completion of your investigation so that he can not flee prosecution by returning to China."

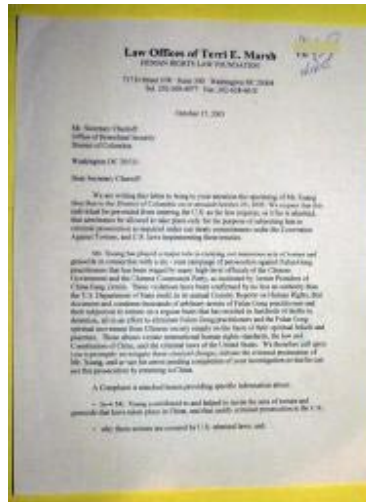
Justice Department and Department of Homeland Security received the legal documents



Receipt from the Justice Department

On the afternoon of October 18, 2005, a separate legal letter had been sent to Secretary Chertoff of Homeland Security, asking his office to deny Huang entry into the U.S. A copy of the same letter and material had also been delivered to Attorney General Alberto Gonzalez. The two departments signed for the receipt of the documents.

Attorney writes to Secretary Chertoff of Homeland Security



Copy of Attorney Terri Marsh's letter to Secretary Chertoff of Homeland Security and acknowledgement of receipt

Attorney Terri Marsh, Executive Director of Human Rights Law Projects, wrote to Secretary Chertoff of Homeland Security on October 17, 2005. Attorney Marsh stated in her letter, "We are writing this letter to bring to your attention the upcoming visit of Mr. Huang Hua Hua to the District of Columbia on or around October 25, 2005. We request that this individual be prevented from entering the U.S. as the law requires, or if he is admitted, that admittance be allowed to take place only for the purpose of subjecting him to criminal prosecution as required under our treaty commitments under the Convention Against Torture, and U.S. laws implementing these treaties."

Attorney Marsh continued "We also think it is important to point out that U.S. customs and immigration law prohibits entry of torturers and others who commit major human rights abuses, and that the U.S. Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement should be alerted to their responsibility to more effectively prevent the entry of those who have committed major crimes against humanity, as Mr. Huang has done."

On the afternoon of October 18, the letter and criminal petition were delivered to the Department of Homeland Security in Washington DC.

Toronto: Deputy CCP Provincial Secretary Sued in Canada for Persecuting Falun Gong in China

On October 28, 2005, Lin Yanzhi, Deputy Chinese Communist Party Secretary of Jilin Province, was sued in Toronto for his role in the persecution of Falun Gong practitioners. Li is the second CCP official sued by overseas practitioners for persecution after the publication of the Falun Dafa Association Statement.



September 9, 2005, Canadian practitioners gathered at Parliament Hill to call for punishment of persecutors

Lin was the director of the Jilin Province [610 Office](#). In this position, Lin directed and was personally involved in "converting" practitioners with torture. The direct involvement of high-ranking officials in such atrocities is rare. The persecution of Falun Gong in Jilin Province was especially severe among all the provinces in China. As of September 2005, it has been verified that 322 practitioners have been persecuted to death in Jilin, the 4th highest in term of deaths.

According to Kevin Yang, a spokesman for the World Organization to Investigate the Persecution of Falun Gong (WOIPFG), Lin's involvement in the persecution was reported to the organization on October 27, and the organization located the whereabouts of Lin in just a few hours. On the 28th, a persecution victim who was brutally persecuted in Jilin City, Jilin Province filed a civil lawsuit against Lin in Ontario Superior Court.

The Canadian Falun Dafa Association then submitted evidence of Lin's involvement in the persecution to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) and requested the RCMP to launch an investigation of Lin's crimes, and arrest and deport him according to Canada's Crimes Against Humanity and War Crimes Program.

Kevin Yang said, "Lin's words and deeds during the persecution were inhumane and unconscionable. Lin is regarded as one of the most notorious high-ranking officials. According to a persecution investigation report of the WOIPFG in 2001, Lin went to

forced labor camps and brainwashing centers in Siping, Songyuan and Changchun to both direct and participate in the persecution.

Lin Yanzhi: "Tortured Falun Gong Practitioners Without Mercy, Beat Them to Death"

According to WOIPFG's investigation, when inspecting the progress of the "conversion of Falun Gong practitioners" at Siping City Forced Labor Camp, Lin said, "If you refuse to renounce Falun Gong after one year of detention, we will detain you for two years; if two years is not enough, then three years; if you refuse to convert (renounce Falun Gong) after three years of detention, we will detain you for ten years. In China, there are about 100,000 steadfast practitioners. China has 1.2 billion people, if these 100,000 refuse to convert, we can do anything to them--we can suppress or kill them. One hundred thousand is just a small number for us. Even if we kill all 2 million practitioners, the reign of our communist party won't be affected...If you refuse to renounce Falun Gong, we will beat you without mercy, we can beat you to death. We'd rather beat you to death than allow you to go to Beijing..."

On August 30, Lin visited the Songyuan City 610 Office and ordered police to drag practitioner Xin Guoqian out and beat him brutally. After Xin was covered with cuts and bruises, Lin unlawfully ordered Xin to be detained in a forced labor camp for a year.

The Second Chinese Communist Official Sued after Publication of Falun Dafa Association Statement

On October 9, the Falun Dafa Association issued a statement to warn CCP officials to stop persecuting Falun Gong. The statement said, "From today, overseas Falun Gong practitioners will file civil or criminal lawsuits against all important government or CCP officials who participate in or continue to implement the persecution of Falun Gong and as a result, commit new crimes in addition to those they have already perpetrated against Falun Gong."

Toronto practitioners said that Lin is the second provincial level official sued after publication of the statement. One week ago, Guangdong Governor Huang Huahua was sued in a Vancouver court for the crime of torture. Afraid to face justice, Huang terminated his visit to North America and fled back to China from Canada on October 25, 2005.

Reportedly, in September, the Canadian Falun Dafa Association asked the Federal Government to deny entry to CCP Minister of Commerce and former Liaoning governor Bo Xilai and Deputy Governor Xia Deren. Bo and Xia are both major perpetrators of the persecution, and neither of them was able to visit Canada as scheduled.

United Kingdom: Poster Exhibition in Leeds Exposes CCP Crimes

On Saturday October 15, 2005, practitioners in the UK held an anti-torture exhibition to help people find out more about Falun Gong and the persecution of practitioners in China. Pictures of the different cruel torture methods used on Falun Gong practitioners by the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) were displayed in prominent places. Photos of the spread of Falun Gong in all parts of the world and the persecution of Falun Gong practitioners by the CCP were also exhibited.



People are eager to learn the facts



Clarifying the facts



Clarifying the facts

There were streams of pedestrians on Saturday. Some practitioners talked with passersby and others demonstrated the exercises. The peaceful music touched people's hearts. A lot of people watched the demonstration of the five sets of Falun Gong exercises for a long time. The atmosphere was serene and peaceful and people seemed to feel the calling of Truthfulness, Compassion, Forbearance, as well as practitioners' perseverance and unyielding spiritual strength.

In front of the photos of the cruel torture, people were shocked to see examples of the persecution that is taking place in China. Many people carefully read the contents of the exhibition boards and walked up to sign the statement condemning the CCP and expressing support for the practitioners.

People were eager to learn the truth. One German man, who has been to China, was deceived and poisoned by the lies, rumors and slander the CCP's propaganda machine has waged against Falun Gong. He continued asking questions and circled our exhibition several times, talking to several practitioners to find out more. After one or two hours he repeatedly reminded the practitioners to send him emails, and he took some Chinese language materials for his friends.

An activity organizer from Leeds passed by our exhibition and was very interested. She invited Falun Gong practitioners to Leeds to participate in a three-day activity in November to introduce the truth of Falun Gong from different aspects, including the effect of curing illness, Falun Gong practitioners' resistance to the persecution and the evil essence of the CCP.

The First "Truthfulness Compassion Forbearance" International Art Exhibition in Italy Held in Andorno Micca

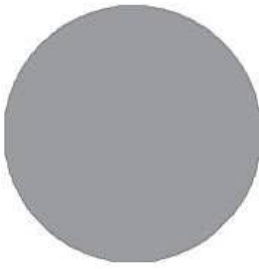
On October 8, the first "Truthfulness Compassion Forbearance" International Art Exhibition in Italy was inaugurated in the town of Andorno Micca. The art exhibition was held in the Artists' Association exhibit hall. The exhibition concluded on October 23. Association members felt honored that these outstanding paintings by artists who practice Falun Gong were displayed in their exhibition hall. They provided much help and gave many constructive suggestions for the exhibition.

During the inauguration ceremony, a spokeswoman for the art exhibition, organized by the Falun Gong Association, greeted the guests. A Falun Gong practitioner demonstrated the exercises, and the Mayor of Andorno Micca gave a speech. The mayor stressed the importance of such a wonderful art and cultural activity. He invited guests to contemplate the importance of paying attention to the people who are suffering from persecution. He also said that the principles of Truthfulness, Compassion, Forbearance are what everyone should believe in around the world. A female artist, a member of the Artist Association, praised the artwork for both its message and quality.

After the ribbon-cutting ceremony, a great number of people visited the exhibition until late at night. Visitors were shocked by the contrast between the beauty of Falun Gong and the brutal persecution by the Chinese Communist Party. The guests earnestly viewed the paintings, read the introductory material about the paintings, and exchanged their opinions.

One visitor said that it is hard to accept that such a cruel persecution is still happening. A 69-year-old man shed tears in front of the painting, "A Tragedy in China." Some visitors said that they would come back to view the paintings again.

Facts of the Persecution



Labor Camp Guards in Guangzhou Ruthlessly Persecute Falun Gong Practitioners Behind Closed Doors

In the labor camps in Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, Falun Gong practitioners are put into the so-called "conversation room" that is specifically used for separate detention so that they can persecute Falun Gong practitioners. Guards select, train and force 3-6 other detainees to specialize in "monitoring" Falun Gong practitioners around the clock. Practitioners are detained in isolated rooms and suffer from long-term physical and mental persecution.

First, practitioners are forced to undergo brainwashing, during which they are made to watch videos and read materials that slander, attack and fabricate charges against Falun Gong and Master Li. Afterwards, practitioners are forced to write a so-called "feelings and thoughts report" for the guards every day. During the day, except during mealtimes and bathroom breaks, practitioners are forced to endure intense brainwashing sessions. At the same time, the guards use all kinds of means to torture practitioners physically and mentally: they make them sit on a bench and read materials that slander Falun Gong; they are not allowed to walk around in the room for longer than 20 minutes altogether on any given day; they are not allowed any free time. Guards and others who assist in persecuting them intimidate them by saying, "By not allowing you to walk around, your arms and feet may be paralyzed by the time you leave here."

In order to force practitioners to renounce Falun Gong, the guards prolong steadfast practitioners' detention times for 10-15 days every month and also threaten, "If you persist like this, even when you finish your forced-labor term, you will be sent directly to the 'law education class' (brainwashing class) after leaving this labor camp. If you still refuse to give up the practice, you will be sent back to the labor camp again." The guards even openly shout, "If you still refuse to give in, we will torment you to death."

In order to achieve their purposes, the guards authorize, instigate and incite other detainees to monitor Falun Gong practitioners and allow them to take any means to arbitrarily persecute Falun Gong practitioners. Usually practitioners are only allowed to sleep for 4-5 hours every day and sometimes even only 2-3 hours, and for the rest of the time, practitioners are forced to watch videos that defame Falun Gong. The guards also use physical torture on practitioners. The methods used include: tying practitioners up, tightly binding their arms and feet, and beating their heads and other parts of the body. The detainees can use any means of torture on practitioners they choose once every 2-3 days or even several times in one day. Since practitioners are detained separately, whatever happens inside is kept secret by the detainees and people outside are unaware. Falun Gong practitioners become exhausted from the long-term physical and mental abuse and some practitioners even fall asleep while standing. Practitioners are given trouble for using the toilet, eating or drinking. If any other detainee is in the way

of practitioners going to the toilet, practitioners are not allowed to go to the toilet and practitioners are forced to walk with their heads bowed. Some practitioners are tortured to the extent that their condition visibly deteriorates, which gives the guards an excuse to restrict the rights of practitioners even more because they are afraid it may cause disturbances if other detainees see these practitioners' situations. The guards seal these practitioners away as another method of mental persecution and in their words, "You will die of boredom."

Even for those practitioners who have given in because they were unable to withstand such persecution, the guards still use the same methods to "test" them for a long time and don't allow them out of isolation. They force them to do certain work until they feel these people have met their so-called requirements. Some of the work that these brainwashed practitioners are assigned to is to monitor other practitioners and never leave their side. These brainwashed practitioners have to obey "management" and are not allowed to talk to other detainees. Moreover, such management continues until these people leave the labor camp. If the guards feel these brainwashed practitioners have not met their requirements, the guards will further detain them in separate rooms and persecute them until the guards feel confident enough to let them out.

Even those monitoring detainees say that those rooms that separately detain Falun Gong practitioners are a "jail within a jail" and "the darkest spots in the world where the guards don't have any sense of law or truth."

Mr. Li Wenxiang from Hunan Province Died as a Result of Persecution in October 2005

Mr. Li Wenxiang from Yongzhou City, Hunan Province was brutally tortured several times. In June, 2003 he was "illegally arrested" and taken to Lengshuitan Detention Center after spending two years in a forced labor camp. He was close to death while he was there. He died at 6:00 p.m. on October 17, 2005.

Mr. Li Wenxiang, 55, worked at the Yongzhou City Lengshuitan Refractory Material Factory. After he learned Falun Gong in 1997 he became very healthy. He followed the principles of "Truthfulness, Compassion, Forbearance," and was a good person. He had a peaceful family life. After the persecution of Falun Gong started on July 20, 1999, he often told people the facts about Falun Gong. In 2000 he went to Beijing to appeal for Falun Gong, and he was subsequently tortured by police. They burned his buttocks with electric batons, beat him and fractured his skull, and he lost consciousness.

On March 3, 2003 police arrested him at home because he [clarified the truth](#) about Falun Gong. He was sentenced to two years of forced labor. After many tortures in Xinkaipu Forced Labor Camp, Changsha City, he was released in May 2003.

In late June 2003 many banners with the words "Falun Dafa is good" were displayed in Yongzhou City. Yongzhou City Police Department sent out many officers to arrest Falun Gong practitioners. They broke into Mr. Li's home, arrested him and took him to Lengshuitan Detention Center. No one was allowed to visit him. His family was not allowed to give him clothes. All information was blocked. On August 20, 2003 his family members finally saw him. Mr. Li was emaciated. His body was swollen, and he could barely walk. He was on the verge of death.

After ten months he was sentenced to three years of forced labor. They planned to send him to a forced labor camp in Changde City, Hunan Province, but because he was in very poor health, in danger of dying, they did not send him to the labor camp. Later blood clots were found in his brain and he was released for medical treatment. He was fired by his employer and his wife was forced to divorce him. He died at 6:00 p.m. on October 17, 2005.

High School Student Pressured to "Repent" for Clarifying the Facts about Falun Gong on an Examination Paper

Zhao Qiang, a 15-year-old high school student from Taihe County, Anhui Province, wrote the facts about the staged "self-immolation" incident on Tiananmen Square on his mid-term examination paper. As a result, the local [610 Office](#) police officers, and his school persecuted him. They ransacked his home and pressured him to repent. To escape being arrested, his mother, a Falun Gong practitioner, was forced to leave home and move from place to place.

Zhao Qiang is a student at the No. 1 High School in Taihe County. As part of the mid-term examination, the students were asked to write an article to slander Falun Gong, based on the staged "self-immolation" incident on Tiananmen Square. It is reported that Zhao Qiang's parents practice Falun Gong, and his family has suffered long-term persecution. Therefore, Zhao Qiang has personal experience and a deep understanding of the persecution that Falun Gong practitioners have suffered over the years. During the examination, he wrote an essay entitled "Awaken," which revealed the truth about the staged "self-immolation" incident. In his essay, Zhao Qiang exposed the lies that the Chinese Communist Party fabricated about the incident.

Consequently, local agents launched a new round of persecution against Zhao Qiang's family. On the afternoon of September 27, 2005, Yang Dakuan, a police officer from the Taihe County Police Department, along with personnel from the Taihe County 610 Office, and Zhang Bingqin, an instructor from the police station, ransacked Zhao Qiang's home. When they did not find anything to incriminate the family, they, together with his schoolmaster and teacher, threatened him to get him to disclose the source of his information about the "self-immolation" incident. Moreover, they arranged to arrest Zhao Qiang's mother. They also threatened his uncle and his aunt. Zhao Qiang's mother was forced to leave home to escape being arrested.

Failing to arrest his mother, the agents increased the persecution against Zhao Qiang, repeatedly pressuring him to write a repentance statement and to state his so-called "understanding."

Methods Used to Torture Practitioners at Tuanhe Forced Labor Camp, Beijing

Tuanhe Forced Labor Camp in Beijing is notorious for its brutality and hypocrisy. Many cruel means have been used to torture practitioners over the past several years, in efforts to ["transform"](#) them. To the public, it claimed that its "education" style was "like life-giving spring breezes and showers." This so-called "education" is in fact a retinue of cruel torture and brainwashing. Authorities at Tuanhe use inmate "helpers," "enduring eagle" (sleep deprivation), threats, physical abuse, enforced sitting, hard labor, and other methods to torture practitioners to get them to recant their beliefs.

For example, practitioner Mr. Li Jingsheng died due to brutal treatment and physical abuse. When he was alive, he suffered cruel torture due to his refusal to be "transform," even though he had congenital heart disease, from which he could have died at anytime. During the 2004 Chinese New Year holiday, a practitioner from Miyun County was quickly tortured to death because he exclaimed "Falun Dafa is great" during a flag raising ceremony. Because they refused to "transform," practitioners Wen Jizhong and Zhang Jiuhai were in solitary confinement in the training team for a long time.

Many drug addicts are held in Tuanhe Forced Labor Camp. Fights over opium break out from time to time. Right after the 2003 Chinese New Year, Deputy Warden Li Aiming and the Seventh Division chief were relieved of their duties because of a group fight over opium. They were also active participants in persecuting practitioners. Soon after the big fight, the inmates who smoked opium were forced to become so-called "helpers" to monitor practitioners' activities. In effect, prison guards hired the garbage of society to help them commit their atrocities. Some of the "helpers" were responsible for reporting practitioners' activities to the prison guards and torturing practitioners. Because of this, some practitioners suffered permanent physical injuries. Practitioner Li Xiangling, almost 70 years old, was held by his collar and kicked. Because the "helpers" watched and abused practitioners, they didn't have to work in the fields and earned "extra credit." Some of them, however, began to understand Falun Gong and expressed an interest in learning it after practitioners [clarified the facts](#) to them. Some were sent back to their former teams to stamp nails because they were not strict enough and didn't meet the prison guards' requirements.

Tuanhe Forced Labor Camp authorities use the following ways to torture Falun Gong practitioners:

1. "Enduring eagle" or sleep deprivation. They use this tactic when their arguments are losing ground and when they see that practitioners do not believe in their lies.
2. Solitary confinement. Practitioners are isolated. No one, including "helpers," is allowed to speak with them. They try to make practitioners suffer the pain of loneliness.

3. Threats. The prison authorities tell practitioners repeatedly that their sentences will be extended if they don't recant their beliefs. In addition, they are not allowed to see or call their family members.
4. Using family members. If practitioners refuse to "transform," the prison guards abuse them verbally. They say that practitioners are heartless and don't even want to take care of their parents, wives or children. They then slander Falun Gong. Even though the prison authorities have already deprived the practitioners of visiting privileges, at this time they invite their parents, wives and children to speak with them while in tears, and even hint that the family members should kneel down to them to beg them to change their mind.
5. Physical abuse. Initially, many prison guards physically abused practitioners. After their crimes were exposed, they encouraged inmates to abuse practitioners. The former deputy chief of the Second Division Ni Zhixiong, was an expert at this. Practitioners Wang Zhenbao, Li Xin, and Yang Hui all experienced repeated abuse from inmates.
6. Sending practitioners to the Training Team. The prison guards find excuses to send practitioners, "transformed" or not, to the Training Team. For example, practitioners Liu Xiao, Zhang Jiuhai, Li Xin, Tian Enze, and Wen Jizhong were sent to the Training Team.
7. Forced sitting. Some practitioners who refuse to "transform" are forced to sit in the hallway where there is no heat in winter and in the boiler room in summer. One is forced to follow sitting "rules" in which no movement is allowed.
8. Hard labor. Since the 2003 New Year, Tuanhe Forced Labor Camp guards have done their utmost to make money. The Third Division frequently worked overtime to assemble pirated DVD/CDs. The First and Second Divisions folded antithetical couplets and cut pirated books. The Third Division chief, Zhao Jiang, who was awarded "excellent individual" because of his persecution of Falun Gong, was also deeply into this and "neglected" the "ideological transformation" of Falun Gong practitioners and lost his job. The more evil deputy chief of First Division, Liu Xincheng replaced him. Currently there are two divisions made up of Falun Gong practitioners. Liu Guoxi is the chief of the First Division and is busy forcing practitioners to work overtime to "plant hair." The section leaders are people who were handpicked carefully for their inhuman natures.

Products Made With Slave Labor - Colorful Lanterns at the Zhongba Forced Labor Camp in Guizhou Province

There are seven brigades at the Zhongba Forced Labor Camp in Guizhou Province, each of which makes slave labor products. "Slave labor" here refers to guards in the labor camp that use brutality to force the prisoners to manufacture products under adverse conditions. Prisoners must work about 16 hours every day. Those not completing their production tasks receive various kinds of corporal punishment, are subjected to barbaric torture, or have their terms in the labor camp extended. These production tasks are also assigned to those "reeducated-through-forced labor personnel" hospitalized in the Zhongba Forced Labor Camp Hospital.

At present, the slave labor products made in the Zhongba Forced Labor Camp include polished man-made crystal gems, various kinds of colorful lanterns, and electronic products. The cheap labor costs in these forced labor camps have prompted the manufacturers of such labor-intensive products to transfer the production of their goods to these forced labor camps to reap high profits.

Many of these products are exported to other countries. For example, the Fifth Brigade at Zhongba Forced Labor Camp that aims specifically to persecute the imprisoned Falun Gong practitioners primarily produces colorful lanterns, which are exported mostly to European countries, including Belgium, Italy, and France, North American countries, and other Asian countries. The production merchant is Zhuhai Chili Electronic Ltd.

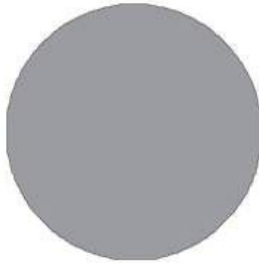
According to staff at Chili Electronic Ltd., a lot of the processing and production of the company's many colored lanterns in Zhuhai have been transferred to forced labor camps. Its main plant is focused only on the production of technically difficult colored lanterns and the quality testing and packaging of products processed in various forced labor camps and jails, which they then export. The company exports on a large scale, and every year the value of its exported products is from twenty million to over one hundred million [yuan](#). The Zhongba Forced Labor Camp in Guizhou alone has four production brigades, with more than 2,000 inmate workers. The production serial number of the Zhonba Forced Labor Camp in Guizhou is arranged as the 28th workshop in this company.

Many of the Chili Electronic Ltd. products are specially made for specific activities and holidays, with its peak of production just before Christmas every year. After Christmas, the lamps produced are the common varieties of colored lanterns.

It is worth mentioning here that when people are celebrating the holidays, the flashing lamps everyone is enjoying could have actually come from such forced labor camps, which are trampling and violating human rights and demanding excessive work quotas

from the persecuted cheap labor. These products have not only upset market values but also helped the persecution.

Falun Gong Practitioners' Noble Actions in China



Clarifying the Truth at a University Meeting

I am a senior student at a military university. At the beginning of this school year, during the freshman military training period, a junior from the Student Association invited me to represent the seniors in a joint meeting between the seniors, juniors and freshmen. I declined at first, thinking the event was being held for the younger students, and that I am now a senior. But I changed my mind after realizing that I could use this opportunity to [clarify the truth](#), and happily accepted the invitation.

At 6 p.m. that evening, the time and location of the meeting were still undecided. I realized that this was interference so I kept righteous thoughts. Ten minutes later, someone informed me of the meeting time and location.

When I learned that I was scheduled to be the last speaker, I knew that there would not be a time limit on my speech. When it was my turn, I started my speech with an introduction to our university. Since we practitioners speak the truth and we think of matters with righteous thoughts, the first several minutes of my speech stimulated great interest from the over 90 students in the audience and they listened quietly to me.

The second part of my speech was about how to be a good person. I spoke about trying to be sincere, kind and tolerant. Then I elaborated on my points. They felt that my view was fresh and they listened attentively. At last, I spoke about matters that college students should pay attention to. In this way the truth about Falun Dafa was naturally brought up. I shared about the practice being defamed and persecuted, and the current situation of Falun Dafa being widely spread around the world. I also told them the principle of "Truthfulness-Compassion-Tolerance." Since I had talked about being sincere, kind and tolerant as a human being at the beginning of my speech, when I shared about Falun Dafa teaching people to follow the principle of "Truthfulness-Compassion-Tolerance," they naturally accepted it. My speech lasted over an hour with much applause throughout. Many students asked for my cell phone number.

After the meeting, many people surrounded me to ask questions. Afterwards, a lot of them sent me short messages and asked me to meet with them individually. I was very happy. As we were in an academic environment, we could not go into too much detail. It will be better to speak with them individually about topics that are of interest to them.

Saving People by Persuading Them to Withdraw from the CCP

Many fellow practitioners think that helping people to withdraw from the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) is difficult. I believe that this is simply a notion. If we [clarify the truth](#) and help people to withdraw using righteous thoughts, it will be a different scene. Helping different people with different approaches will be more effective.

I went out of town on a business trip on October 18, 2005. I decided to use that trip to clarify the truth and to help people withdraw from the CCP. One CCP member was in the same vehicle with me and he seemed very "successful" in society. I told him why gods will destroy the CCP, about the divine carved rock found in Pingtang County, Guizhou Province that says "CCP Dies," explained why the CCP must inevitably die, and persuaded him to withdraw from CCP for his safety. He quickly agreed. This surprised me.

It was because of our truth-clarification efforts in the past that he agreed so smoothly. His action also influenced the second and third person in our vehicle. When we save people by clarifying the truth and helping them withdraw from the CCP, we should not be moved by the surface appearance of people that seem not to be convinced yet. Our efforts may require some time to take effect at the surface. Many people have been saved by the cumulative result of clarifying the truth repeatedly over time.

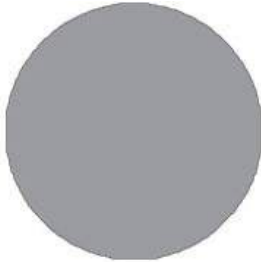
I used his partner's computer to send his withdrawal statement to the Epoch Times website, and I showed it to another CCP member who was beside me. I showed him the Solemn Announcement of the Epoch Times, and helped him learn the importance of quitting the CCP. He agreed to withdraw on the spot. I sent his declaration instantly.

The driver on our trip was also a CCP member. I tried to help him quit CCP and the other two who had quit already were also telling him the reasons to quit. Although the driver did not say anything, their words had a strong impression on him.

We reached his company in the afternoon. I found the other two's withdrawal statements and let the driver see what was on the screen. He immediately agreed to quit with an alias.

The next morning, we had breakfast together. One of them told us he had had a good night's sleep last after withdrawing from the CCP, and he also felt very peaceful in his heart. Another one told us that quitting the CCP made his mind very comfortable, like it was free from worries. The third one said, "Yes! It feels great after quitting the CCP."

People Awaken to the Truth



Villagers Express Righteous Indignation as 610 Office Arrests 70-year-old Man

Falun Dafa practitioner Mr. Du Kesong, around 70 years old, is from Shihuiyao Village, Songcun Town, Wendeng City, Shandong Province. He filed an appeal because he had been detained and tortured. The Wendeng City [610 Office](#) retaliated. On September 27, 2005, they arrested him again. The local villagers tried to stop the police from arresting him, but failed.

On May 24, 2005, the Wendeng City 610 Office arrested Mr. Du for no reason and sentenced him to 3 years in a forced labor camp.

In the Wendeng City Detention Center, Mr. Du was cuffed to a chair and tortured. Both his body and mind suffered severe damage and his high blood pressure recurred. Ill-intentioned policemen tried to send him to the Wangcun Labor Camp but the labor camp refused to take him. After he came back, they detained Mr. Du for another 40 days in the Wendeng City Detention Center.

Mr. Du filed an appeal to the Supreme Procuratorate. During the first ten days of September 2005, the Supreme Procuratorate replied and transferred Mr. Du's appeal documents to the Police Bureau. The Police Bureau then sent them along to the Shandong Province Police Office and Police Department who asked Mr. Du to solve this issue in his local police department. Not only did the Wendeng City Police 610 Office not solve this issue but also even became aggravated and retaliated. At around 10 p.m. on September 27, 2005, they again forcibly broke into his home to arrest him. At that time, it was only 10 days after Mr. Du's daughter had given birth and it was also harvest time, the busiest season on the farm.

Upon hearing about the arrest, the villagers came out of their homes to stop the police. They were indignant. They held on to Mr. Du and would not let the police take him away. However, the 610 Office eventually did take the elderly Mr. Du Kesong away, in spite of the villagers' attempts to stop them.

The Police Chief Asks, "Why Don't You Clarify the Truth to Me?"

At the beginning of September, in a city in Heilongjiang Province, two practitioners were reported and arrested. The local practitioners have actively [clarified the truth](#) and rescued practitioners in that area. As a result, the head of the police station, the instructor, the policemen, and their families all understand the truth about Falun Gong. Some families also help to clarify the truth. Now when the head of the police station and the instructor get phone calls reporting Falun Gong, they tell the reporters, "Don't call us again. We no longer take care of Falun Gong matters."

The truth clarification materials confiscated by the police were put in the station office, where they disappeared little by little, day-by-day. Today this policeman takes one set home to read, tomorrow another policeman takes away another set. There was nothing left when the chief of the police station wanted to read one.

A practitioner's relative went to see the chief of the police department and asked him to release the practitioner. The chief said, "You guys clarify the truth and clarify the truth to everyone. Why you don't clarify the truth to me?" The relative said, "If we clarify the truth to you, you will arrest us." The chief said, "Can't you use your wisdom?"

The police chief asked the relative to pay a fine for the release, so the family member left some money on the table, "This is all we have." When the chief saw that there was a bunch of small change and very few large bills, he said, "Never mind, take your money back. We will release him tomorrow."

The next day when the police station released the practitioners, the police officers told the practitioners again and again, "Your truth-clarifying posters are everywhere, and we did not mistreat you at all." So two practitioners went home righteously.

CCP Officials Withdraw from the Party

CCP Provincial Level Officials Withdraw from the Party

According to reliable sources, some Chinese Communist Party (CCP) provincial level officials recently discussed withdrawing from the Party. Five of them openly applied to withdraw, and three of these five officials formally withdrew and even went through "educating work." Two are officials working for the CCP Provincial Disciplinary and Inspection Committee. Many CCP members are using the excuse of temporarily disassociating from the CCP, which means they do not join CCP activities; do not pay membership fees, among other things.

One CCP official said frankly after reading the *Nine Commentaries on the Communist Party*, "My whole family are Party members, and we are thinking seriously about withdrawing from the CCP."

Former 610 Office Head Withdraws from the CCP

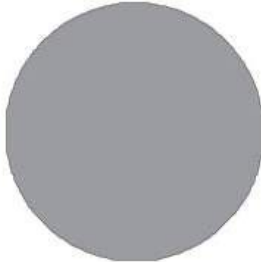
One [610 Office](#) head in Jilin Province has been actively participating in the persecution of Falun Gong since July 20, 1999, when the persecution began. He personally approved the arrests, sending to labor camps, or imprisoning of more than thirty Falun Dafa practitioners. He destroyed several hundred families by directing detentions, ransacking of homes, abductions, extortions, and brainwashing of Falun Dafa practitioners.

After he retired, he lost money in whatever businesses he tried to run, and nothing went smoothly. A fortuneteller told him that he did many bad deeds in the past. He realized the truth of the persecution, read the *Nine Commentaries on the Communist Party*, and came to understand the heavenly principle of "Good will be rewarded with the good, and evil will meet with retributions." He knows how evil the CCP is, and deeply regrets his actions. He has declared his withdrawal from the CCP.

Learning the Truth after Reading *Nine Commentaries on the Communist Party*

One family member of an official who works in Linghe District Forced Labor Camp in Jinzhou City, Liaoning Province read *Nine Commentaries on the Communist Party*. She said to a Falun Dafa practitioner, "I have to tell my husband not to persecute Falun Dafa practitioners, and not to get too involved and avoid being in charge. My family believes in 'Good is rewarded with good, evil will be met with retribution.'"

Voice of Justice



Sixteen U.S. Congress Members Jointly Write to Chinese Premier Wen Jiabao Expressing Concern over the Persecution of Falun Gong

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

October 5, 2005

The Honorable Wen Jiabao
Premier, Government of the People's Republic of China
c/o The Embassy of China
2300 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20008

Dear Mr. Premier:

We are writing to express the grave concern of the United States Congress regarding the Chinese government's systematic persecution of Falun Gong practitioners and its failure to protect religious freedom. We are particularly concerned with reports that several Falun Gong practitioners have recently been arrested and detained, Mrs. Lixiang Lu, and Mr. Yongkang Lu by the Shenyang Police, and Ms. Yuan Yuju and Mr. Liang Jinhui by the Luzhou Police.

Police reportedly confiscated their possessions including computers, printers, bankbooks, and cash in an apparent application of Chinese policy to illegally impound detainee's possessions. Yuan Yuju was sentenced for a year of forced labor, which she is now serving at the Zizhong Nanmu Temple Female Labor Camp for "using [*slanderous term omitted*] to sabotage the law," an offense she allegedly committed while selling Falun Gong music on MP3 players. Liang Jinhui has not been charged with a crime, yet he is being held at the Luzhou Detention Center and has been denied the right of familial visits and legal representation. Furthermore, we are concerned that conditions in the detention center and labor camp will likely result in immeasurable damaged to the health of the detainees. The U.S. deplors the Chinese government's continued persecution of religious groups, and calls upon the People's Republic of China to respect its citizens' rights to freedom of religion as is guaranteed by the Chinese Constitution.

The U.S. Congress requests that you release Mrs. Lixiang Lu, Mr. Yongkang Lu, Ms. Yuan Yuju, and Mr. Liang Jinhui and urges an independent investigation of the police confiscation of property and unlawful arrest. Those found to be responsible for

violations of Chinese law and its international human rights commitments should be prosecuted and brought to justice.

Sincerely,

Christopher H. Smith
Member of Congress

Donald M. Payne
Member of Congress

Jeff Fortenberry
Member of Congress

Mark Green
Member of Congress

Diane E. Watson
Member of Congress

Thaddeus G. McCotter
Member of Congress

Robert Menendez
Member of Congress

Mike Pence
Member of Congress

Frank Pallone
Member of Congress

Gregory Meeks
Member of Congress

Lynn Woolsey
Member of Congress

Michael A. Ferguson
Member of Congress

Carolyn Maloney
Member of Congress

Bill Pascrell
Member of Congress

Robert Andrews
Member of Congress

Rush Holt
Member of Congress



*Canadian MP Writes to Chinese Ambassador to Strongly Urge That
Mingli Lin Be Swiftly Released*

House of Commons
Canada
Jason Kenney, MP
Calgary Southeast

Ottawa
October 12, 2005

His Excellency H.E. Lu Shumin
Chinese Ambassador to Canada
515 St. Patrick Street
Ottawa, Ont. K1N 5H3

His Excellency,

I am writing to you today to convey my serious concern regarding the continuing harassment and groundless detention of Mingli Lin by local police.

On October 9, 2005, Mr. Lin and his wife were arrested by a group of men and subsequently brutally interrogated at the local police station because of their belief in Falun Gong. Although Mrs. Lin was eventually released, Mr. Lin is presently incarcerated at the Putuo District Detention Center. He is being charged with making Falun Gong publicity materials.

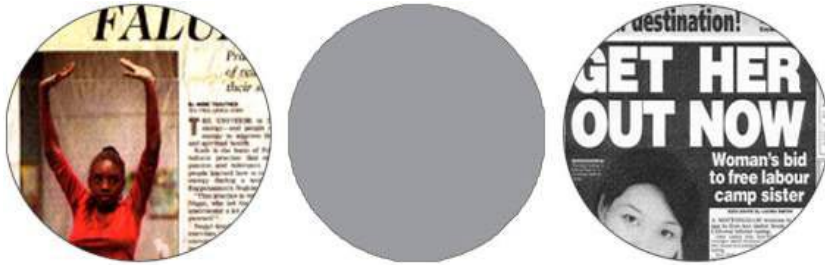
Such actions on the part of local authorities are in clear contravention of basic human rights standards of freedom of expression and freedom of religious practice. I strongly urge that this matter be granted immediate attention and that Mingli Lin be swiftly released from the Putuo District Detention Center to be reunited with his wife.

Sincerely,

Jason Kenney, MP

Calgary Southeast

Media Reports and Opinions



Belgium Standaard: Chinese Communist Party's Gestapo-Like 610 Office

On October 19, 2005, former 610 Office staffer Hao Fengjun and former diplomat of Chinese Consulate in Sydney Chenyong Lin testified at the European Parliament. The two stated that they could not tolerate the persecution against Falun Gong practitioners by Chinese Communist Party (CCP) and disclosed the nature of 610 Office, an agency which was established by CCP to persecute Falun Gong and is similar to the Gestapo in nature.

According to a report by the De Standaard on October 19, Hao Fengjun, 32, and Chen Yonglin, 37, were forced to leave their homeland as they couldn't tolerate the CCP persecution of Falun Gong any longer. Evidently this suppressive machine has developed problems, and Hao and Chen recounted how they fled and denounced the CCP. The two testified at Flanders Council in Belgium.

The report said that Hao and Chen made it clear that they were not Falun Gong practitioners though they had deep sympathy to practitioners' suffering. The two described Falun Gong as a lifestyle and a belief. Mr. Chen was the First Secretary in Chinese Consulate in Sydney and was in charge of political affairs. It seems that he sympathizes very much with Falun Gong. He described Falun Gong as a practice based on traditional Chinese meditation. He is against the current popular worship of money in China and believes that such values are destroying people's morality and conscience.

Since the brutal persecution started in 1999, the CCP has done many disgusting things which disappointed the public: after Falun Gong practitioners went to the Central Appeal Office to appeal peacefully, the CCP established the [610 Office](#) to eliminate Falun Gong. The office is named according to the date (June 10) it was established. It was the responsibility of Mr. Chen in the Sydney Chinese consulate to collect and analyze information about Falun Gong in Australia. Agents of the 610 Office have carried out many activities to intimidate and persecute overseas practitioners. Chen gradually learned that Falun Gong is not as the CCP claims and has made friends with some practitioners. He also felt that his job had become a big burden to him and he finally left the consulate this past May.

Hao Fengjun was an official in the 610 Office. Before he joined the 610 Office, he was a policeman. His job with the 610 Office was to collect and analyze information gathered from citizens trained by the propaganda to "turn in" Falun Gong practitioners to the police. The 610 Office where he worked had authority over other local governmental bodies to direct them to persecute Falun Gong.

Hao Fengjun said, "The agency is just like the Gestapo." Once, more than 70 practitioners were arrested for hanging banners in public places. In one police office,

Hao witnessed brutal torture of a lady in her 50s. Hao, he realized that these Falun Gong practitioners were not criminals and were just normal people. The only reason for persecution was that they practice Falun Gong.

RFA: More Chinese Officials Will Be Sued Overseas If They Do Not Stop Persecuting Falun Gong

RFA reported on October 24 that many Chinese officials who are involved in the persecution of Falun Gong have been sued during their overseas visits. The Falun Dafa Association recently made an announcement advising Chinese Communist Party (CCP) officials to stop persecuting Falun Gong; otherwise, they will be sued if they travel abroad.

Since the announcement was made on October 9, practitioners around the world have read it to Chinese embassies and consulates, or official representative organizations. In Brisbane, Australia, officials at the Chinese consulate sprayed water on practitioners reading the announcement on the street outside.

In San Francisco, around thirty practitioners gathered in front of the Chinese Consulate, and practitioner Duan Li read:

"The persecution of persons based solely on their practice of the principles of "Truthfulness, Benevolence, and Forbearance" is unconscionable. At the beginning of this persecution, many high-ranking officials in the government and the CCP disagreed with Jiang's policy of persecution, or dealt with the persecution passively. Some even resisted. Many high-ranking officials also practiced Falun Gong. During the past six years, through peaceful resistance and a courageous degree of endurance, Falun Gong practitioners have clarified the truth to people the world over. People who were previously deceived have awakened or are in the process of learning the facts. As a result, they have refused to join the persecution."

The announcement pointed out that in recent years, practitioners overseas have sued over a dozen Chinese officials, including Jiang Zemin, who are involved in the persecution, for their crimes against humanity, torture, and genocide.

The announcement stated, "From today, overseas Falun Gong practitioners will file civil or criminal lawsuits against all important government or CCP officials who participate in or continue to implement the persecution of Falun Gong and as a result, commit new crimes in addition to those they have already perpetrated against Falun Gong."

Ms. Yiyan Huang, a practitioner participating in the event, said that the persecution against Falun Gong has lasted more than six years. Practitioners wish to awaken the conscience of the killers.

Ms. Huang, "We practitioners are compassionate towards others. Though you have committed wrongdoings before for whatever reasons, you are given an opportunity to

correct it. Thus the announcement was made to notify those Chinese officials to stop committing wrongdoings."

After reading the announcement, a practitioner put it in an envelope and took it to the reception room of the consulate to be transferred to the General Consulate.

One consulate official threw the letter outside and said continuously, "Don't want."

Weekend Newspaper (Denmark): The Different Refugee

The *Weekend Newspaper*, one of the most influential weekly newspapers in Denmark, published an article entitled, "The Different Refugee," authored by Signe Cain on October 14, 2005. The story reported how Chinese citizen Zhu Xuezhi was on a business trip in Denmark when Chinese authorities suddenly shut down his enterprise. Zhu Xuezhi practices Falun Gong, and now he is forced to stay in Denmark to avoid persecution. His plight reminds the Danish people that China is still under an oppressive dictatorship.



According to the report, stories that unveil the Chinese Communist regime's brutal control over the people of China keep coming forth. Zhu Xuezhi's story is one example. In 2000 he traveled to Denmark as a businessman. His enterprise back home in China was quite successful, and he came over to Denmark to extend cooperation with his Danish business partners. While he was in Denmark, his spiritual belief came to the attention of the Chinese authorities. Zhu Xuezhi is a practitioner of the spiritual movement of Falun Gong, and because of this, the Chinese authorities closed down his business overnight.

"I lost everything I owned, and had no idea how to support my family," Zhu Xuezhi said through his interpreter. He is currently learning Danish, but feels most comfortable speaking Chinese. It is now one year since Mr. Zhu was granted asylum in Denmark. "Now I have to depend on social welfare. When I lived and worked in China, I had lots of property, but now I gather furniture off the streets. I would like to become a businessman again, but I have to learn Danish first," he says. While talking, he flips through his papers in front of him. He shows letters and photographs from his time as a businessman.

While Zhu Xuezhi lived in China he did not have any problems practicing his faith. But since Falun Gong was banned in China in 1999, the authorities have fiercely attacked many of the movement's members. Zhu Xuezhi believes that he would be arrested if he were to return to China. Giving up his belief is out of the question. Zhu Xuezhi

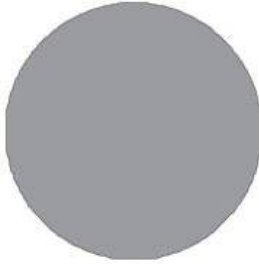
considers that his belief in Falun Gong is connected to the belief in a better world. Falun Gong's main principles are Truth, Compassion and Tolerance, and in Denmark he can meet freely with other Falun Gong practitioners to practice his faith. He is encouraged by his spiritual belief as he prepares to start his new life from scratch in Denmark.

Zhu Xuezhi's experience brings people the message that China is still under a dictatorship. He therefore visits the Chinese Embassy in Hellerup every day [to appeal for justice for Falun Gong], where he distributes material about Falun Gong and the Chinese authorities' persecution to passersby. He has been doing this for three years now.

Zhu Xuezhi's experience indicates that the Chinese Communist regime's control has extended to other countries outside China. "I'm quite sure that it was the Chinese Embassy in Copenhagen that sent information about my involvement in Falun Gong to the Chinese government," he says.

He hopes that the Danish people will demand that the Chinese government stop the persecution. "The Chinese government is not a friend of Denmark, it is dangerous," he says.

Falun Gong Practitioners' Personal Experiences



Stomach Cancer Patient Acquires a New Life After Desperation

I am a sixty-five year-old farmer from Ma'an Village, Deyang City, Sichuan Province. In the first month of the lunar year in 2005 I was diagnosed with late stage stomach cancer. In just three months my health deteriorated. I was in endless pain and could not eat anything. I went to the county for medical treatment and the doctor said that my stomach was rotten. I fell into despair. Each day felt like it lasted a year.

Then a Dafa practitioner taught me to say, "Falun Dafa is good. Truthfulness-Compassion-Forbearance is good. As I silently said these two phrases, my heart and my spirit improved. A few days later I started to listen to the lectures by Master Li on cassette tapes and I began to practice Falun Gong. On the second day after I did the exercises I began to sweat profusely. The discharge from my sweat pores smelled like medicine.

Since I was sick and my body was weak, I did not take a bath for a long time. A Dafa disciple told me that only if I really cultivate would Master take care of me and it would not be a problem to take a bath. As a result I not only took a bath without any problems but also had a sound sleep.

After practice I was able to have a meal. On the morning of the third day I was able to eat two eggs and steamed bread. Not long after lunch I was hungry again and I had an extra meal. More amazing was that I felt that my stomach was hot and I could feel Falun rotating inside. With that Master started to clean my body and I began to vomit up filthy substances. Since then my body has become healthy, and I have a rosy complexion without any sign that I used to be a patient with late stage stomach cancer.

My son and my husband were preparing for my funeral. When they heard by phone that my disease was gone because I sincerely practiced Falun Dafa, they did not believe it. They immediately came to see me where I was staying with a relative. After they saw that all my diseases were amazingly gone and saw my rosy complexion, they were very surprised. They said that they wanted to practice Falun Dafa. Afterwards, after many people with predestined relationships heard about my amazing experience, they all wanted to cultivate Falun Dafa.

I understand many truths about life that I had never heard before and I gained a new life after the despair of late stage stomach cancer. I'll utilize this prolonged life to cultivate with my heart and assimilate to Falun Dafa. Now I am telling my experience to more people in order to let them know how wonderful Falun Dafa is, and ask people not to believe the framing and slandering of Falun Dafa by the Chinese government.